Event delivered by PAS for: Merchant City & Trongate Community Council June 2022

### Introduction to Planning

David Leslie - PAS www.pas.ora.uk



PAS (Planning Aid Scotland)

We are here to help people navigate the planning system & shape the future of their places

Vinpartial
Independent
Vindependent
Vind



Our original & flagship service

Free advice on any aspect of planning Used by Community Councils, community groups, business start-ups & members of the public

- ✓ Independent & impartial
- √ Advice from chartered planners
- ✓ Volunteer-led
- √ Facilitating approach
- ✓ Eligibility criteria

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You are running a wonderful and much needed service thank you

contacted you and did not expect such a personal service

For more info click here



#### What We Do: Training

For: Community Councils, stakeholder groups, planners, Elected Members & PAS Volunteers



Totally brilliant – I had been w

ver, the absolute opp

ing, invigorating & in

us as a Community Councillo

confidence in tacking planning

I would find it a snoo

Focusing on:

- > Understanding planning
- > Effective input & involvement
- Community engagement & facilitation skills
- > ... & much more

For more info click here



# What We Do: Community Led Plans



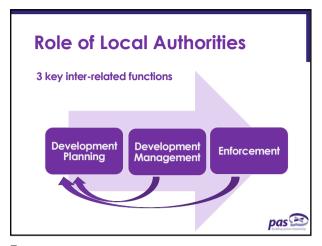
For more info click here

### Planning: Why is it important?

- A key public service
- Working in the long-term public interest
- · Planning for the future
- Wider impacts for health, well-being, equality, climate
- Impacts on day-to-day life: householder alterations to affordable homes to large new developments
- · Change can lead to strong feelings & controversy



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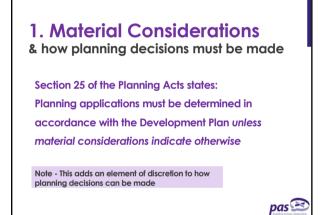
Points you have asked about

- 1. Material Considerations (this links inherently to "The Development Plan")
- 2. Development in Conservation Areas
- 3. Effective Representations
- 4. Appeal rights & other avenues to challenge planning decisions



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The "Development Plan":

A <u>key</u> planning term – meaning can change based on what planning legislation stipulates

**Currently:** 

Clydeplan (Strategic Development Plan)

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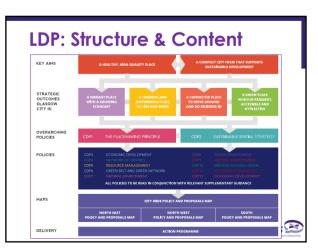
Glasgow City Local Development Plan



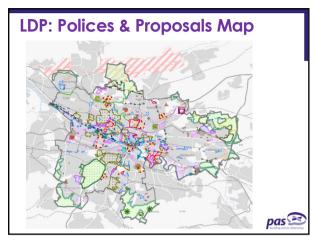
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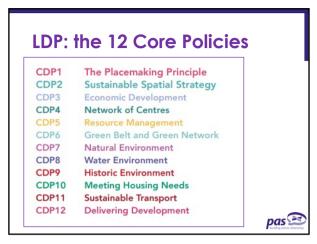
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Planning Guidance

Supplementary Guidance (SG) explains, in detail, how the City Development Plan's policies are to be implemented and are used in the determination of planning applications

Policy and Design Guidance Documents

Design Guide for Repair and Replacement of Windows
Residential Design Guide
Hillington Simplified Planning Zone
Flood Risk and Drainage Impact Assessments
Clyde and Loch Lomond Local Plan District
Antonine Wall Management Plan
Sauchlehall and Garnethill District Regeneration Framework

IPG3: (SG3) Economic Development

PG6: (SG6) Green Belt and Green Network
IPG12: (SG12) Delivering Development

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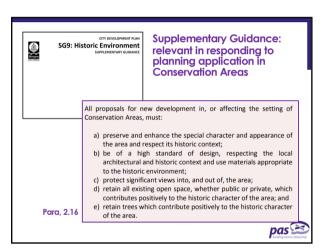
## 2. Development in Conservation Areas

- A conservation area is defined as being of "special architectural or historic interest, the character or appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance"
- All planning authorities are required by the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Area) (Scotland)
   Act 1997 to determine conservation areas
- Local Development Plans will always have a policy on the historic environment



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3. Effective Representations

Know your Local Development Plan policies

Show if & how the planning application complies with LDP policies, or otherwise

Refer to relevant supplementary guidance

Break your objections into key themes

... & structure representations in sections around these

Concise is good

If possible, show how you are reflecting public opinion

Suggest changes that would make the proposal better

Support applications that you like

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### 4. Planning Appeals



If an application is refused, the <u>applicant</u> has the right to appeal, ie have a second opinion on the decision

- $\succ$  3-month deadline to submit an appeal
- If you made representations to the application under appeal, you can to make further comments

Appeals of applications determined at committee & many larger applications: Heard by Scottish Ministers via DPEA (Directorate of Planning & Environment Appeals Appeals of "delegated" applications & most smaller/local applications: Heard by the Council Local Review Body consisting of Elected Members



## Other challenges to planning decisions

As a member of the public or community group  $(3^{rd} parties)$ :

- > No right of appeal through planning legislation
- Right to seek Judicial Review (on matters such as procedural impropriety, unreasonableness – but not matters of planning judgement)

#### On matters of procedure only:

- · Local Authority Complaints System
- Scottish Public Services Ombudsman



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Questions submitted in advance

- If there's a proposed development, what does the developer have to do in terms of community engagement, and what remedies does the community have if they fail to do so?
- 2. If the application was for planning permission in principle, what further applications do they have to make, and are we entitled to comment on all of them?
- 3. If an application is refused and the developer appeals, what can the community do to ensure their views are taken into account?
- 4. If the development is not in accordance with the granted permission, what remedies does the community have?
- 5. What do all the different abbreviations on planning references mean? We see PPP, FUL and several others.



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Thank you

www.pas.org.uk @PAS Tweets

For any follow up questions please contact David Wood: david@pas.org.uk



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